

**JACKSON TOWNSHIP  
RIGHT TO KNOW POLICY**

**Purpose:**

The Township Supervisors recognize the importance of public records as the record of the Township's actions and the repository of information about the Township. The public has the right under the Pennsylvania Right-to-Know Law to inspect and to procure copies of public records, with certain exceptions, subject to Township policies and administrative regulations.

**Definitions (65 P.S. § 67.102):**

"Confidential Proprietary Information" shall mean commercial or financial information received by the Township, including information which is privileged or confidential; and the disclosure of which would cause substantial harm to the competitor of the position of the person that submitted the information.

"Financial Record" shall mean any account, voucher or contract dealing with the receipt or disbursement of funds or acquisition, use, or disposal of services, supplies, materials, equipment or property; or the salary or payments or expenses, to any officer or employee, including the individuals name and title; and a financial audit report, excluding the audits underlying work papers.

"Personal Financial Information" shall mean an individual's personal credit, charge or debit card information; bank account information; bank, credit or financial statements; account or PIN numbers and other information relating to an individual's personal finances.

"Privilege" shall mean the attorney-work product doctrine, the attorney-client privilege, the doctor-patient privilege, the speech and debate privilege or other privilege recognized by a court interpreting the laws of the Commonwealth.

"Public Record" shall mean any record, including any financial record, that is not protected by a defined privilege or is not exempt from being disclosed under one of the exceptions in Pennsylvania's Right-to-Know Law (§ 708) or under other federal or state law or regulation, or judicial decree or order.

"Record" shall mean any information, regardless of physical form or characteristics, that documents the Townships transaction or activity and is created, received or retained pursuant to the law or in connection with a Township transaction, business or activity, including: a document; paper; letter; map; book; tape; photograph; film or sound recording;

information stored or maintained electronically; and a data-processed or image-processed document.

“Requestor” shall mean a legal resident of the United States, or an agency, to request access to a record.

“Response” shall mean the Township’s notice in finding a requestor of a granting of access to a record or the Township’s written notice to a requestor granting, denying, or partially granting and partially denying access to a requested record.

**Authority (65 P.S. §§ 67.302, 67.305, 67.504, 67.701):**

The Supervisors shall make the Township’s public records available for inspection and duplication to a requester, in accordance with law, Township Policy and administrative regulations.

The Supervisors exempt from public inspection any material whose disclosure would constitute an invasion of privacy, unless the individual concerned consents in writing to public disclosure of the materials.

**Guidelines (65 P.S. § 67.701) :**

Requesters may inspect and procure copies of the public records of the Township during the regular business hours of the administrative office.

The Requester’s right of access does not include the right to remove a record from control or supervision of the Open Records Officer.

A public record shall be provided to the requestor in the medium requested if it exists in that form. Otherwise, it shall be provided in its existing medium.

The Township is not required to create a public record that does not exist nor to compile, maintain, format or organize a public record in any manner different from that currently maintained by the Township. If a public record is maintained only in an electronic format, the Township shall duplicate the record on paper, upon request.

Information shall be made available to individuals with disabilities in an appropriate format, upon request with sufficient advance notice.

**Request for Access (65 P.S. §§ 67.504, 67.505, 67.701, 67.703):**

A request for access to a public record shall be submitted to the Right-to-Know Officer in person, via facsimile, US Mail or designated email address.

Each request may include the following information:

1. Identification of a requested record, with sufficient detail.
2. Medium in which the record is requested.
3. Name and address of the person to receive the Township's response.

All requests must be in writing. Written requests do not need to include an explanation why information is sought or the intended use of the information unless otherwise required by law.

A form Right-to-Know request shall be maintained at the administrative office of the Township and through the Township's website.

**Response to Request (65 P.S. §§ 67.502, 67.901, 67.901):**

Township employees shall be directed to immediately forward requests for access to public records to the Open Records Officer.

The Right-to-Know Officer shall review the request, determine if the requested record is a public record, determine whether the Township has possession, custody or control of the record, and respond promptly, within five (5) business days of receiving the request.

If the Township fails to respond to a request within five (5) business days, the request for access shall be deemed denied.

If the Township determines that the request will be granted, a response shall be sent within five (5) business days. The response shall include the regular business hours of the administrative office, the medium in which the record is provided, and the assessed fees.

If the Township determines that more than five (5) business days are required to respond to the request, in accordance with the factors stated in law, notice shall be sent within five (5) business days of receipt of request. The notice shall indicate that the request is being reviewed, the reason that the review requires an extension, the date when the response is expected, and an estimate of the applicable fees owed when the record becomes available. If a response is not provided by the specified date, it shall be deemed denied on the day following that date.

A requester may consent in writing to an extension that exceeds thirty (30) days, in which case the request shall be deemed denied on the day following the date specified in the notice if the Open Records Officer has not provided a response by the date.

**Granting of Request (65 P.S. §§67.701, 67.704):**

If the Open Records Officer determines that the request will be granted, the response shall inform the requester that access is granted and either include information on the regular business hours of the administration office, provide electronic access, or state where the requester may go to inspect the records or information electronically at a publicly accessible

site. The response shall include a copy of the fee schedule in effect, a statement that prepayment of fees is required in a specified amount if access to the records will cost in excess of \$100, and the medium in which the records will be provided.

A public record shall be provided to the requester in the medium requested if it exists in that form. Otherwise, it shall be provided in its existing medium. However, the Township is not required to permit use of its computers.

The Open Records Officer may respond to a records request by notifying the requester that the record is available through publicly accessible electronic means or that the Township shall provide access to inspect the record electronically. If the requester, within thirty (30) days following receipt of the Township's notice, submits a written request to have the record converted to paper, the Township shall provide access in printed form within five (5) days of receipt of the request for conversion to paper.

A public record that the Township does not possess but is possessed by a third party with whom the Township has contracted to perform a governmental function and which directly relates to that governmental function shall be considered a public record of the Township. When the Township contracts with such a third party, the Township shall require the contractor to agree in writing to comply with requests for such records to provide the township with the requested record in a timely manner to allow the Township to comply with the law.

If the Open Records Officer determines that the public record contains information both subject to and not subject to access, the Open Records Officer shall grant access to the information subject to access and deny access to the information not subject to access. The Open Records Officer shall redact from the record the information that is not subject to access. The Open Records Officer shall not deny access to a record if information is able to be redacted.

If the Open Records Officer responds to a requester that a copy of the requested record is available for delivery at the administrative office and the requester does not retrieve the record within sixty (60) days of the Township's response, the Township shall dispose of the copy and retain any fees paid to date.

**Notification to Third Parties (65 P.S. § 67.707):**

When the Township produces a record that is not a public record in response to a request, the Open Records Officer shall notify any third party that provided the record to the Township, the person that is the subject of the record, and the requester.

The Open Records Officer shall notify a third party of a record request if the requested record contains a trade secret or confidential proprietary information, in accordance with law and administrative regulations.

**Denial of Request (65 P.S. §§ 67.506, 67.706, 67.901, 67.903):**

If the Open Records Officer denies a request for access to public records, whether in whole or in part, a written response shall be sent within five (5) business days of receipt of the request. A response denying the request shall include the following:

1. Description of the record requested.
2. Specific reasons for denial, including a citation of supporting authority.
3. Name, title, business address and telephone number and signature of the Right-to-Know Officer who denied the request.
4. Date of the response.
5. Procedure to appeal denial of access.

The Open Records Officer shall not deny access to a public record based on the intended use by the requestor.

The Open Records Officer may deny a request for access to a record if the requester had made repeated requests for that same record and the repeated requests have placed an unreasonable burden on the Township.

The Open Records Officer may deny a request for access to a record when timely access is not possible due to a disaster, or when access may cause physical damage or irreparable harm to the record. To the extent possible, a record's contents shall be made accessible even when the record is physically unavailable.

Information that is not subject to access and is redacted from a public record shall be deemed a denial.

**Appeal of Denial (65 P.S. § 67.1101):**

If a written request for access to a record is denied or deemed denied, the requester may file an appeal with the State's Office of Open Records within fifteen (15) business days of the mailing date of the Open Records Officer's response or deemed denial.

**Fees (65 P.S. § 1307):**

The fees shall be determined by the Pennsylvania Office of Open Records.

Duplicates of public records shall be provided by the Township upon payment of applicable fees. A list of fees that apply shall be provided to each requestor, posted in the Township's administrative offices, and be available electronically on the Township's website.

The Township shall not assess any fees for staff time or resources used to evaluate or redact a request for access to public records.

The Township may require prepayment of estimated fees when the fee required to fulfill the request is expected to exceed \$100.00.

**Delegation of Responsibility (65 P.S. §§ 67.502, 67.901, 67.1101):**

The Supervisors shall appoint a Right to Know Officer.

The Right-to-Know Officer shall ensure that the Township's policy governing access to public records and the list of applicable fees are posted at the administrative office of the Township and are made available electronically.

The Right-to-Know Officer shall be responsible to:

1. Receive written requests for access to records submitted to the Township.
2. Review and respond to written requests in accordance with law, Township policy and administrative regulations.
3. Direct requests to other appropriate individuals in the Township or in another agency.
4. Track the Township's progress in responding to requests.
5. Issue interim and final responses to submitted requests.
6. Maintain a log of all record requests and their disposition.
7. Ensure Township staff is trained to perform assigned job functions relative to requests for access to records.

Upon reviewing a request for access to records, the Open Records Officer shall:

1. Note the date of receipt on the written request.
2. Compute and note on the written request the date on which the five-day period for response will expire.
3. Maintain an electronic or paper copy of the written request for thirty (30) days or, if an appeal is filed, until a final determination is issued or the appeal is deemed denied.